# 2023 HSC Mathematics Standard 1 Marking Guidelines 

## Section I

Multiple-choice Answer Key

| Question | Answer |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C |
| 2 | B |
| 3 | A |
| 4 | D |
| 5 | D |
| 6 | A |
| 7 | C |
| 8 | D |
| 9 | C |
| 10 | B |

## Section II

## Question 11 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answers for $A$ and $B$ | 2 |
| - Provides one answer, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
A & =\$ 65000 \times 15 \\
& =\$ 975000 \\
B & =\$ 540000+\$ 715000+\$ 975000+\$ 525000+\$ 255000 \\
& =\$ 3010000
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 11 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\bar{x} & =\frac{\$ 3010000}{50} \\
& =\$ 60200
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 12 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 2 |
| - Provides 1 dimension in metres, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Dimensions are 5.2 m by 5.94 m

## Question 12 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 2 |
| - Provides the area of the kitchen floor, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Number of tiles $=\frac{3.6 \mathrm{~m}}{0.4 \mathrm{~m}}=9$ tiles $\quad \frac{3.2 \mathrm{~m}}{0.4 \mathrm{~m}}=8$ tiles

Number of tiles $=9 \times 8$
$=72$ tiles

## Question 12 (c)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Number of boxes $=\frac{72}{10}$

$$
=7.2
$$

$\therefore 8$ boxes are needed.

## Question 13 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Identifies correct mode | 1 |

## Sample answer:

The mode is 9 .

## Question 13 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Identifies TWO features of the graph | 2 |
| - Identifies ONE feature of the graph | 1 |

## Sample answer:

- Negatively skewed data.
- An outlier at 1 .


## Question 14 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Speed } & =\frac{\text { Distance }}{\text { Time }} \\
& =\frac{150 \mathrm{~km}}{1.5 \mathrm{~h}} \\
& =100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 14 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 1 |

## Sample answer:

30 minutes

## Question 14 (c)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct graph | 2 |
| - Attempts to complete the graph | 1 |

## Sample answer:



## Question 15 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Completes the network diagram | 2 |
| - Provides a diagram that is substantially correct | 1 |

## Sample answer:



## Question 15 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Kilometres travelled $=1040 \mathrm{~km}+3150 \mathrm{~km}$

$$
=4190 \mathrm{~km}
$$

## Question 16

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 2 |
| - Attempts to use the tan ratio, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:



$$
\begin{aligned}
\theta & =90^{\circ}-18^{\circ} \\
& =72^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\tan 72^{\circ}=\frac{x}{120 \mathrm{~m}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
x & =120 \mathrm{~m} \times \tan 72^{\circ} \\
& =369.322 \ldots \\
& =369 \mathrm{~m} \quad \text { (to nearest metre) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 17

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 2 |
| - Attempts to substitute values into equation, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$P=\frac{10 \times 6-7.5 \times 2}{9}$
$=5$

## Question 18 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 2 |
| - Provides a path from $A$ to $D$, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Path $A B F G D$

## Answers could include:



## Question 18 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer with a correct reason | 2 |
| - Provides an explanation or spanning tree, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

It is not a minimum spanning tree as $B C$ is not the shortest path to join $C$ to the tree.

## Question 19 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 2 |
| - Substitutes 23 into the formula | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
y & =0.936 x-8.929 \\
23 & =0.936 x-8.929 \\
x & =\frac{23+8.929}{0.936} \\
& =34.1121 \\
& =34^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad \text { (to nearest degree) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 19 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer and justification | 2 |
| - Provides some relevant information | 1 |

## Sample answer:

It is an example of extrapolation as $34^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is outside the range of temperature.

## Question 20

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 3 |
| - Applies $1.5 \times I Q R$ | 2 |
| - Finds the $I Q R$, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
Q_{1} & =29 \\
Q_{3} & =45 \\
& \\
I Q R & =45-29 \\
& =16 \\
1.5 \times I Q R & =24 \\
Q_{3}+24 & =45+24 \\
& =69
\end{aligned}
$$

$58<69$
So 58 is NOT an outlier.

## Question 21

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 3 |
| - Uses the compound interest formula with either $n$ or $r$ correct | 2 |
| - Attempts to use the compound interest formula, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
F V & =P V(1+r)^{n} \\
& =\$ 12000(1+1 \%)^{5 \times 4} \\
& =\$ 12000(1.01)^{20} \\
& =\$ 14642.280 \ldots \\
& =\$ 14642.28
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 22

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 4 |
| - Calculates the pay for Monday to Saturday, or equivalent merit | 3 |
| - Calculates the pay for Monday to Friday, or equivalent merit | 2 |
| - Calculates the pay for one week-day, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Earnings (Monday to Friday) $=\$ 24.05 \times 4 \times 5$

$$
=\$ 481
$$

| Earnings on Saturday | $=\$ 24.05 \times 1.5 \times 2.5$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=\$ 90.19$ |


| Earnings on Sunday | $=\$ 24.05 \times 2 \times 3$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=\$ 144.30$ |

Total earnings for the week $=\$ 481+\$ 90.19+\$ 144.30$
= \$715.49

## Question 23

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 3 |
| - Calculates the fuel cost for one of the cars, or equivalent merit | 2 |
| - Calculates the number of litres used by the petrol car, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Petrol car $=(35000 \div 100) \times 8.6 \times \$ 1.87$
$=\$ 5628.70$

Electric car $=(35000 \div 100) \times 18 \times \$ 0.25$
$=\$ 1575$

Savings $=\$ 5628.70-\$ 1575$
$=\$ 4053.70$

## Question 24 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides the correct values of $A$ and $B$ | 2 |
| - Provides one value, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$$
\begin{aligned}
A & =\$ 5090.54 \times 0.6 \% \\
& =\$ 30.54
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
B & =\$ 5090.54+\$ 30.54 \\
& =\$ 5121.08
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 24 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 2 |
| - Attempts to apply the simple interest formula | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Simple interest $=\$ 5000 \times 0.62 \% \times 4$

$$
=\$ 124
$$

## Question 25

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 2 |
| - Attempts to use the compound interest formula | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Value in 8 years' time $=\$ 15000(1+5.3 \%)^{8}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\$ 15000(1+0.053)^{8} \\
& =\$ 22673.482 \ldots \\
& =\$ 22673.48
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 26 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Completes the table correctly | 1 |

## Sample answer:

| Electricity used in a <br> month (kWh) | 0 | 400 | 1000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monthly charge (\$) | 40 | 140 | 290 |

## Question 26 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Graphs Provider A's charges | 1 |

## Sample answer:



Electricity used in a month (kWh)

## Question 26 (c)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 1 |

## Sample answer:

They charge the same amount at 400 kWh .

## Question 26 (d)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 2 |
| - Demonstrates some progress towards identifying the cheaper option, | 1 |

## Sample answer:

Provider $B$ at 800 kWh charges $\$ 280$
Provider $A$ at 800 kWh charges $\$ 240$
$\therefore$ Provider $A$ would be the cheaper option by $\$ 40$.

## Question 27

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct answer | 2 |
| - Calculates the time difference, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

| 10 am | 2 pm |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\bullet$ |  |
| Town $A$ | $\bullet$ |
| Town $B$ |  |

Time difference is 4 hours.
$\therefore 11: 30 \mathrm{am}+2$ hours -4 hours $=9: 30 \mathrm{am}$

## Question 28

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 2 |
| - Identifies the necessary information from the table | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$6 \% \times$ daily intake $=19.1 \mathrm{~g}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Daily intake } & =19.1 \mathrm{~g} \div 6 \% \\
& =318.333 \ldots \mathrm{~g} \\
& =318 \mathrm{~g}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 29 (a)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides the correct solution | 2 |
| - Identifies an angle in triangle $P X Y$, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:



NOT TO
SCALE

$$
\begin{aligned}
\angle P X Y & =180^{\circ}-120^{\circ} \\
& =60^{\circ} \\
X P & =15 \mathrm{~km} \times \cos 60^{\circ} \\
& =7.5 \mathrm{~km}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 29 (b)

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides the correct solution | 2 |
| - Calculates one of the acute angles in the triangle CXP, or equivalent |  |
| merit |  |$\quad 1$

## Sample answer:

Let $\theta=\angle C X P$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\cos \theta & =\frac{7.5}{40} \\
\theta & =79^{\circ} 12^{\prime}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore$ Bearing of $C=180^{\circ}+79^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =259^{\circ} 12^{\prime} \\
& =259^{\circ} \quad \text { (to the nearest degree) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 30

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|c|}\hline \text { Criteria } & \text { Marks } \\ \hline \text { - Provides the correct solution } & 3 \\ \hline \text { - Calculates the salvage value using the declining-balance method, } \\ \text { or equivalent merit }\end{array}\right) 2$

## Sample answer:

Straight-line method:

$$
\begin{aligned}
S & =V_{0}-D_{n} \\
& =\$ 60000-\$ 3500 \times 3 \\
& =\$ 49500
\end{aligned}
$$

Declining-balance method: $S=V_{0}(1-r)^{n}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\$ 60000(1-12 \%)^{3} \\
& =\$ 60000(0.88)^{3} \\
& =\$ 40888.32
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore$ Declining-balance method would provide a lower salvage value.

## Question 31

| Criteria | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| - Provides correct solution | 5 |
| - Finds the area of the garden in square metres, or equivalent merit | 4 |
| - Finds the area of two sections in square metres, or equivalent merit | 3 |
| - Finds one area in square metres, or equivalent merit | 2 |
| - Applies the scale, or equivalent merit | 1 |

## Sample answer:

$1 \mathrm{~cm}=2 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ Dimensions of triangle: 4 m by 8 m

$$
\text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 8
$$

$$
=16 \mathrm{~m}^{2}
$$

For L shape:
Each square is $4 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
Area of all squares $=15 \times 4$

$$
=60 \mathrm{~m}^{2}
$$

$\frac{1}{2}$ Circle has radius 4 m

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 4^{2} \\
& =8 \pi \doteqdot 25.13 \mathrm{~m}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Total area $=16+60+25.13$

$$
=101.13 \mathrm{~m}^{2}
$$

Volume $=101.13 \times 0.1$
$=10.113 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$

## 2023 HSC Mathematics Standard 1 Mapping Grid

## Section I

| Question | Marks | Content | Syllabus outcomes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | MS-M1 Applications of Measurement | MS11-3 |  |
| 2 | 1 | MS-F1 | Money Matters | MS11-5 |
| 3 | 1 | MS-M5 Scale Drawings | MS1-12-3 |  |
| 4 | 1 | MS-A3 | Types of Relationships | MS1-12-6 |
| 5 | 1 | MS-F3 | Depreciation and Loans | MS1-12-5 |
| 6 | 1 | MS-F1 | Money Matters | MS11-5 |
| 7 | 1 | MS-F1 | Money Matters | MS11-5 |
| 8 | 1 | MS-S2 | Relative Frequency and Probability | MS11-9 |
| 9 | 1 | MS-M5 Scale Drawings | MS1-12-3 |  |
| 10 | 1 | MS-M4 | Rates | MS1-12-3 |

## Section II

| Question | Marks |  | Content | Syllabus outcomes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a) | 2 | MS-S1 | Data Analysis | MS11-2 |
| 11 (b) | 1 | MS-S1 | Data Analysis | MS11-7 |
| 12 (a) | 2 | MS-M5 | Scale Drawings | MS1-12-3 |
| 12 (b) | 2 | MS-M5 | Scale Drawings | MS1-12-4 |
| 12 (c) | 1 | MS-M5 | Scale Drawings | MS1-12-10 |
| 13 (a) | 1 | MS-S1 | Data Analysis | MS11-10 |
| 13 (b) | 2 | MS-S1 | Data Analysis | MS11-10 |
| 14 (a) | 1 | MS-M4 | Rates | MS1-12-3 |
| 14 (b) | 1 | MS-M4 | Rates | MS1-12-3 |
| 14 (c) | 2 | MS-M4 | Rates | MS1-12-3 |
| 15 (a) | 2 | MS-N1 | Networks and Paths | MS1-12-8 |
| 15 (b) | 1 | MS-N1 | Networks and Paths | MS1-12-10 |
| 16 | 2 | MS-M3 | Right-angled Triangles | MS1-12-4 |
| 17 | 2 | MS-A1 | Formulae and Equations | MS11-10 |
| 18 (a) | 2 | MS-N1 | Networks and Paths | MS1-12-8 |
| 18 (b) | 2 | MS-N1 | Networks and Paths | MS1-12-10 |
| 19 (a) | 2 | MS-S3 | Further Statistical Analysis | MS1-12-7 |
| 19 (b) | 2 | MS-S3 | Further Statistical Analysis | MS1-12-10 |
| 20 | 3 | MS-S1 | Data Analysis | MS11-10 |
| 21 | 3 | MS-F2 | Investment | MS1-12-10 |
| 22 | 4 | MS-F1 | Money Matters | MS11-10 |
| 23 | 3 | MS-M4 | Rates | MS1-12-10 |


| 24 (a) | 2 | MS-F2 Investment | MS1-12-5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 24 (b) | 2 | MS-F1 | Money Matters | MS11-10 |
| 25 | 2 | MS-F2 | Investment | MS1-12-5 |
| 26 (a) | 1 | MS-A3 | Types of Relationships | MS1-12-6 |
| 26 (b) | 1 | MS-A3 Types of Relationships | MS1-12-6 |  |
| 26 (c) | 1 | MS-A3 Types of Relationships | MS1-12-1 |  |
| 26 (d) | 2 | MS-A3 Types of Relationships | MS1-12-1 |  |
| 27 | 2 | MS-M2 Working with Time | MS11-3 |  |
| 28 | 2 | MS-M1 Applications of Measurements | MS11-3 |  |
| 29 (a) | 2 | MS-M3 Right-angled Triangles | MS1-12-4 |  |
| 29 (b) | 2 | MS-M3 Right-angled Triangles | MS1-12-4 |  |
| 30 | 3 | MS-F3 Depreciation and Loans | MS1-12-10 |  |
| 31 | 5 | MS-M5 Scale Drawings | MS1-12-4 |  |

